

CONGRESS

RESUME OF THE WEEK'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate.

Washington, March 9.—Formal discussion of the Porto Rican tariff and civil government bill began in the senate yesterday and continued uninterruptedly for four hours and a half. The principal speakers were Mr. Foraker (Rep., Ohio), in charge of the measure, and Mr. Pettus (Dem., Ala.), at various times during the debate. Mr. Foraker occupied the floor during the remainder of the session. He explained the measure in detail and gave the reasons why the committee had determined upon the levying of a tariff upon Porto Rican traffic. In his opinion it was impossible for a direct tax to be levied upon the people of a territory because of their destitute condition. This fact had caused the idea of imposing a small tariff to raise a sum sufficient to the internal revenues to give the people not only local self-government, but to build roads and erect schools. When, too, it was necessary that the question of extension of the Constitution over our insular possessions should be determined by the supreme court and by the very provisions of the bill would be inevitable that the supreme court should pass upon that question. Porto Rico and the Philippines, he said, were on the same basis so that the senate's decision would determine our right to levy a tariff on products of the Eastern archipelago.

The House.

The house unseated Gaston Robbins, Democrat from the Fourth Alabama district, and seated in his stead William Aldrich, a Republican, who has been three times a contestant from the same district on the ground of fraud who is now given his seat for the first time by a Republican house. The vote was a strict party one. This is the first time since the day sessions of the second and fourth Fridays of each month for pension legislation, during the debate on the rule there as quite a lively row between Mr. Tamm of Pennsylvania and Mr. Tamm of South Carolina. Before adjourning the house took up the contested election case of Wise vs. Young on the Second Virginia district. Mr. Weeks (Mich.) giving notice that he would ask a vote on it at 2 o'clock today.

The Senate.

Washington, March 10.—Discussion of Mr. Mason's resolution expressing sympathy for the Boers was conducted in the senate yesterday behind closed doors. Mr. Davis, chairman of the foreign relations committee, decided that the session be executive. He said that public discussion of the subject in the senate might result in disturbing existing relations between the United States and a friendly power. He thought, therefore, that anything of the kind would much better be avoided.

The feature of the open session was a speech by Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky on the Porto Rican tariff and civil government measure. He opposed the tariff provision of the bill and some of the provisions of the Porto Rican government. He maintained that under the treaty of Paris, which provided that the civil government and political status of the islands acquired by the United States from Spain should be decided by congress. Congress had authority to deal with Porto Rico and the Philippines as it saw fit—giving the trade to one and levying a tariff on the products of the other. He opposed the doctrine that the constitution extended ex proprio vigore over a territory acquired by this government.

The House.

The first day pension session of the year provided for under the new rule proved a great success. There was comparatively little friction and nine-seven bills were favorably acted on in committee of the whole and subsequently passed the house. The only incident of the session was a skilful exchange between Mr. Loud of Illinois and Mr. Sulloway of New Hampshire upon the general policy of pension legislation, in which the latter attacked and the latter defended the system.

The House.

Washington, March 12.—While the senate had the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill under consideration yesterday a lively debate was precipitated by an amendment proposed by a member of Massachusetts, proposing give former Queen Lilioukalani of Hawaii \$20,000 and an annuity of \$10,000. The amendment was tabled without division. The pending bill passed with a few minor amendments. The remainder of the session was devoted to the eulogies of the late Seneca L. Hayward.

The House.

The house agreed to take up the bill providing a government for Hawaii on April 3, the final vote to be taken April 4 p. m. Consideration of the Wisconsin election contest was resumed. It occupied the remainder of the session. Speeches were made by Mr. Weeks of Michigan, Mr. Burke of Texas, Mr. Hull of Iowa and Mr. Lynney North Carolina.

The Senate.

Washington, March 13.—During almost the entire session of the senate yesterday Mr. Rawlins (Utah) occupied the floor in a discussion of the Philippine question. He went deeply into the constitutional phase of the question. His argument was largely legal and technical. He is opposed to holding of the Philippines. Eighty-private pension bills were passed.

The House.

Yesterday, for the second time within a week, a Democrat was unseated by the house and a Republican seated in his place. R. A. Wise was given the seat hitherto occupied by W. A. Young from the Second Virginia district. Previous to taking the vote John S. Wise of New York, who was formerly a member of the house from Virginia, and who is a brother of R. A. Wise and his attorney in the case, was excluded from the hall by Speaker Henderson on the protest of the Democrats that he was abusing the privilege of the floor, to which he was entitled by the rules of the house, by interfering with the debate upon the case. The votes were exceedingly close. While none of the Republicans voted with the Democrats, enough were absent and unpaired to reduce the Republican majority to the final vote from 16, the normal majority, to 7. The urgency deficiency bill, carrying \$1,439,380, was passed.

The House.

Washington, March 14.—The last legislative step in the enactment of the financial bill was taken by the house of representatives yesterday when the conference report on the bill was adopted by a vote of 108 to 120; present and not voting, 10. The senate had already adopted the conference report, so that it remains only for President McKinley to affix his signature to the measure to make it a law. Representative Overstreet, the author of the bill, will take it to the White House today, and the signature is likely to be affixed soon thereafter. Already arrangements have been made for securing the pen with which the president will sign the bill. The debate on the report continued throughout the day. Mr. Overstreet of Indiana opening, and Mr. Brewster of Pennsylvania closing in support of the measure, while Mr. Little of Arkansas closed in opposition with a severe arraignment of the bill. The vote was on party lines except that nine Democrats joined with the Republicans in supporting the conference report.

The Senate.

Personal explanations were made yesterday in the senate by Mr. Allen of Nevada and Mr. Butler of North Carolina of their positions on the financial question. Both announced their belief in the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The statements were called out by reports to the contrary which had gained circulation. Mr. Turner of Washington began an extended speech on the Porto Rican bill. He maintained that the pending measure clearly was unconstitutional and expressed his belief that it would be so held if it were passed upon by the supreme court.

The Senate.

Washington, March 15.—Two arguments were presented to the senate yesterday in which almost antipodal positions were taken by two senators. Mr. Teller of Colorado, in a brief speech maintained that the constitution could not extend over territory acquired by the United States, while Mr. Turner of Washington elaborately contended that the constitution embraced the acquired territory the very moment the United States took possession of it. Mr. Teller held that this government could make this outlying territory into states or could hold it as colonies as it saw fit; while Mr. Turner maintained that the United States could not maintain colonies or dependencies. Abide from the constitutional letters the two senators were in practical agreement. Both were opposed to the pending bill and both were opposed to any of insular territory becoming a part of the United States or any of its inhabitants citizens of the United States.

The House.

The District of Columbia appropriation bill was taken up in the house yesterday, and under the latitude allowed Mr. Adamson of Georgia discussed the Nicaragua canal. Mr. Cowherd, the Philippine question; Mr. Howard of Georgia, questions relating to the Philippines and the "open door" policy in the Orient; Mr. Rucker of Missouri, the advisability of electing senators by the people, and Mr. Bouteille of Illinois replied to Mr. Cowherd. The house adopted a resolution setting aside alternate Fridays for the discussion of private bills reported by the claims and war claims committee.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, March 16.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 63 1/2-64 1/2; No. 2 Northern, 61 1/2-62 1/2; Corn—No. 3 yellow, 31 1/4-31 1/2; No. 3 white, 31 1/4-31 1/4; Oats—No. 3 white, 24 1/4-24 1/4; No. 3, 23 3/4-24 1/4; Barley and Rye—Feed barley, 32 3/4-34; malting grade, 35 3/8-36; No. 2 rye, 51; No. 3 rye, 50 1/2-51.

Duluth, March 16.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 67; No. 1 Northern, 65 1/2-66; No. 2 Northern, 63; No. 3 spring, 59 3/4-60; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 67; No. 1 Northern, 65 1/2-66; No. 1 Northern, 67 1/2-68; Oats, 35 1/4-36; rye, 52; barley, 35 3/8-36; corn, 35 1/4-36; flax, to arrive, 35 3/8; May, 31 1/2; September, 31 1/2-32; October, 31 1/2-32.

Minneapolis, March 16.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 66 3/4-67; No. 1 Northern, 65 1/4-66; No. 2 Northern, 63 1/4-64; Corn—No. 3 yellow, 31 1/2-32; No. 3, 31 1/4-32; Oats—No. 3 white, 23 3/4-24; No. 3, 23 1/2-23 3/4; Barley, 33 1/4-34; Rye, 51 1/4-52.

Chicago, March 16.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 66 3/8-67 3/8; No. 3 do, 66 1/8-67 1/8; No. 2 hard winter, 66 1/8-67; No. 3 do, 62 1/8-63; No. 1 Northern spring, 66 3/4-67 1/4; No. 3 spring, 61 1/4-62 1/4; Corn—No. 2, 33 1/2-34; No. 3, 33 1/4-34; Oats—No. 2, 23 1/2-23 3/4; No. 3, 23 1/4-23 3/4.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 16.—Flour is firm. Wheat firm; No. 1 Northern, 66 1/4-67; No. 2 Northern, 64 1/2-65; Rye firm; No. 1, 58 1/2-59; Barley firm; No. 2, 43; sample, 37 1/2-42; Oats firm; No. 2 white, 25 3/4-26.

Chicago, March 16.—Cattle—Beeves, good prime steers, \$4.90-5.80; poor to medium, \$4.40-6.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.40-4.75; cows and heifers, \$3.00-4.35; Texas-fed steers, \$3.75-4.80; Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$4.75-5.02 1/2; good to choice heavy, \$4.92 1/2-5.05; rough heavy, \$4.75-4.87 1/2; light, \$4.75-4.95; bulk of sales, \$4.00-5.00. Sheep, \$4.75-5.85; lambs, \$5.00-7.25.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 16.—Cattle—Beeves, \$4-4.75; cows and bulls, mixed, \$2-4; stockers and feeders, \$3.50-4.55; calves and yearlings, \$3.50-4.75. Hogs, \$4.65-4.77 1/2; bulk, \$4.70.

News of the Northwest

BANK SAFE ROBBED.

Eleven Thousand Dollars Gone From a South Dakota Bank.
Huron, S. D., March 14.—The safe of the Bank of Hitchcock, which was destroyed by fire Friday night, was opened yesterday, and to the surprise of bank officers and others, but little money was found. Cashier Wilson says about \$11,000 cash was in the safe when the bank closed business Friday evening, and it is now believed the safe was rifled and the building fired by thieves. Parties connected with the bank were in the building as late as 7:30, and the fire occurred soon after 8 o'clock. Money has been sent for and the depositors will be paid in full as soon as it arrives.

BISHOP EDSON NAMED.

He Will Fill Bishop Gilbert's Place Temporarily.
St. Paul, March 14.—The standing committee of the Episcopal diocese of Minnesota has appointed Bishop Samuel C. Edson of North Dakota as acting bishop coadjutor pending a permanent appointment of bishop coadjutor which is not likely to take place until the regular meeting of the council in June. Bishop Edson will perform only such duties as belong personally to a bishop, as, for instance, confirmation. Matters of government and executive management will remain with the standing committee until the return of Bishop Whipple.

GILLMAN ACQUITTED.

Claimed Self-Defense—Spirited Out of Court.
Butte, Mont., March 14.—Edwin H. Gillman, charged with the unusually cold-blooded murder of a young miner named Dan Sullivan last Christmas, was acquitted by a jury on his own and unsupported testimony, that he killed the man in self-defense. As soon as discharged he was spirited to the depot by his lawyers and sent out of town, as there had been threats made to kill him if acquitted.

One Year for Godfrey.

Deadwood, S. D., March 14.—Judge Moore, in circuit court, sentenced George H. Godfrey to one year in the state penitentiary at hard labor for an assault upon G. P. Donnell, with intent to do bodily harm. The case of Herbert D. Caddy of this city for attempted robbery of the Russell & Higby saloon, has been set for March 23. Caddy is the man who was acquitted for the hold-up of Russell in the latter's saloon in this city.

Double Murder and Suicide.

Little Rock, Ark., March 14.—News of a double murder and suicide reached here yesterday from Scott county. Zeb Leonard, a farmer, took his wife and four-year-old son to a secluded spot and shot and killed both of them. He buried the bodies and, returning home, burned the house. Leonard then went into the woods and shot himself. Leonard was sixty years of age and his wife twenty-seven. Jealousy was the cause of the crime.

Grief Turned His Mind.

Antigo, Wis., March 14.—While Bernhard Wendler and his fifteen-year-old son Otto were loading logs at Neva, near Antigo, the graphook flew back, striking the boy on the head, killing him instantly. The frantic father carried the boy's body home, a distance of two miles. He seemed to blame himself for his boy's death, and his mind giving way under the strain, he took paris green and died yesterday.

Beats Cape Nome.

Seattle, Wash., March 14.—Two arrivals at Day's City from Cape Nome, who left the latter place eight days ago, tell wonderful stories of what is claimed to be the richest field in the North. The new field is 100 miles from Nome, and stories of its fabulous wealth were being passed from mouth to mouth at Nome when the latest arrivals left there on Dec. 18.

Decides Against Unions.

Butte, Mont., March 14.—Judge Knowles, of the United States court, handed down a decision in the noted Chinese boycott case, which has been pending for several years. He made permanent the injunction against the labor unions and labor leaders, who for years had prosecuted a boycott against Chinese and all employees of Chinese.

Selling State Lands.

Pierre, S. D., March 14.—The force of the land commissioner's office started out to offer state lands for sale. The offerings this year will be greater than for any year since the organization of the state. All unleased lands in twenty-five counties will be offered, and it is estimated that the school fund will pass \$3,000,000 with the sales of this year.

Rebuilding at Lead.

Lead, S. D., March 14.—Plans have been drawn by the Lead and Deadwood architects for four new stone and brick blocks, to be erected to take the place of some burned buildings. A new hotel is also being planned for. It will either be erected on the old site of the Miners' Union hall, on Bleeker street, or on Mill street near the Home-stake company's offices.

Democratic City Nominations.

Milwaukee, March 14.—The Democratic city convention yesterday nominated the following ticket, the present incumbents being honored with a re-nomination: Mayor, David S. Rose; treasurer, William Bollow; controller, John R. Wolf. The Democratic county convention named ex-congressman P. J. Somers for county judge.

Poisoned by Bologna.

Arcadia, Neb., March 14.—A family of five named Madden, living near Comstock, were poisoned Friday evening by eating bologna sausage. They were not discovered until twenty-four hours later, when one child was dead and the rest unconscious. Their condition is critical.

Earliest Seeding.

Miller, S. D., March 14.—A number of farmers in this county began seeding operations yesterday, the ground being in excellent condition.

BEING INJURED, HE SUICIDED.

After Losing a Foot Under the Cars Hyago Cuts His Throat.
Winnebago City, Minn., March 15.—Francis Hyago, a prosperous young farmer living four miles east of town, was killed by jumping from a freight train. His body was found beside the tracks opposite his farm. It is supposed that he boarded the train with the intention of jumping off when near his farm. Evidently when he struck the ground after jumping he was thrown under the train. One foot was cut off and his leg was fractured. When his body was found his throat was cut. It is supposed that he was crazed by the pain and, feeling that he must soon die, cut his throat to end his suffering.

KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION.

Fatal Result of Thawing Dynamite on a Stove.
St. Paul, March 15.—Axel Oederberg was killed at 8 o'clock yesterday morning at Pelham street and University avenue by an explosion of dynamite. His brother, Charles Oederberg, was seriously injured. The brothers were engaged in blasting a cellar for a tenement house to be erected at the point named. They have been using dynamite and yesterday morning, as the explosive was frozen, they started to thaw out sticks equivalent to four pounds upon a sheet iron stove.

ELECTIONS IN MINNESOTA.

Cities, Villages and Townships Elect Officers.
St. Paul, March 15.—Municipal, village and township elections were held throughout the state yesterday. The issues, wherever there were any, were purely local and have no political significance. The question that appears to have most frequently entered into the contest was the license issue. The result shows that a majority of the towns prefer the license system to the illicit sale of liquor.

WEDDING OF TOWNS.

Centralia and Grand Rapids, Wis., Become One.
Grand Rapids, Wis., March 15.—The leading wedding event for many years was celebrated by the consolidation of the cities of Centralia and Grand Rapids, carried by a large majority. The municipality now has a population of 6,000, and is to be called Grand Rapids. Whistles, bells, fireworks and a jubilee demonstration is occurring at an extreme never before known here.

Depositors Will Be Reimbursed.

Huron, S. D., March 15.—Ethereal Wilson, proprietor of the Bank of Hitchcock, robbed of nearly \$12,000 when the building was destroyed by fire Friday night, has planned for a thorough investigation and apprehension of the guilty parties, being aided by depositors and leading citizens of Hitchcock. Mr. Wilson produced assets of nearly \$14,000, and will pay depositors in full in a few days.

Popularity Made Manifest.

Brit. Iowa, March 15.—The issue in the school election was the retention or dismissal of Prof. A. M. Deyoe, who has been at the head of the schools for the past eight years and has brought them to a high standing equally for the moral and intellectual welfare of the pupils. That the people appreciate his efforts was shown by a vote of three and one-half to one in his favor.

An Appeal Taken.

Winona, Minn., March 15.—The Winona Railway and Light company has appealed from the order of Judge Snow in the damage suit brought by James Palmer, in which he received a verdict for \$1,800. The judge's order denied the motion for a new trial and cut down the verdict to \$1,200, to which the plaintiff agreed.

Coal for Duluth and Superior.

Duluth, Minn., March 15.—Already about 1,500,000 tons of coal to come to Duluth and Superior have been covered in freight room at about 50 cents a ton. This is a little more than a third of what coal men expect during the season. For Lake Michigan ports room for about 300,000 tons has been contracted.

Drowning Averted.

Yankton, S. D., March 15.—The Missouri river has not claimed its annual human victim so far this year, but came near doing so last evening. A team and wagon broke through near the Nebraska side and the team was lost. The men in the wagon were saved with much difficulty.

Date for Iowa Republicans.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 15.—The Republican state central committee at a meeting held here selected Des Moines as the place and May 10 as the date of holding the state convention to select delegates to the national convention at Philadelphia June 19.

Appointed Adjutant General.

St. Peter, Minn., March 15.—G. T. Ives, department commander of the G. A. R. for Minnesota, has appointed Capt. Orion S. Clark of Minneapolis to succeed B. M. Hicks of Minneapolis, who has held the office of adjutant general for several years.

Burglars Captured.

Washburn, Wis., March 15.—Four men attempted to burglarize the dry goods store of W. H. Lemke, breaking a plate glass window to gain an entrance. They were frightened away by the proprietor and were all arrested.

Residence Destroyed.

Red Wing, Minn., March 15.—The residence of F. A. Young of Bay City was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is \$3,000; insurance, \$2,500. The fire caught from a stove.

Arrested for Forgery.

Faribault, Minn., March 15.—George Travis was arrested for forging checks of the Sheffield Milling company which he cashed at a bank, getting \$96. Some time ago he secured a smaller sum from another firm.

MINNESOTA ITEMS

Mrs. Hannah Bowers died at Langdon.

Jacob Larson, an aged citizen of Mabel, is dead.

Michael Syron, an old resident of Moorhead, is dead.

Matt Bierdon of Slayton was found dead in his bed.

Oscar Peterson of Rush City is dead from alcoholism.

The new creamery at Waseca is now in good running order.

Mayor Hugo of Duluth has promised all kinds of reforms.

Oscar Christopherson of Stillwater was killed at Sutton's camp.

Nicholas Kiefer, Republican, was elected mayor of St. Charles.

Mrs. U. G. Truax, a well known woman of Mankato, is dead.

D. R. Brooks of Mankato committed suicide at Hot Springs, Ark.

Charles Stengie, brickmason at Moorhead, committed suicide by hanging.

Klester is to have a new flour mill soon and the citizens are rejoicing.

Mrs. Louis Shaw, wife of one of the founders of Anoka, Minn., died in Chicago.

The St. Louis hotel at Winona has been sold to Mrs. E. A. Hanley of Waseca.

The United States land office at Crookston received filings for 107 homesteads.

Warden Reeve at Stillwater has received orders for over 5,000,000 pounds of twine.

Fire at the St. Peter insane hospital totally destroyed the laundry. Loss about \$40,000.

At Graceville a grain buyer named Oshelem was caught in a grain elevator and badly injured.

The Congregationalists will build a new church at Moorhead. The structure will cost \$3,000.

Opposition has developed to the proposition to build a \$60,000 school house at Crookston.

Mr. and Mrs. Hawes of East Grand Forks were divorced after four months of matrimony.

Rev. Charles Secombe, who established the first Congregational church at St. Anthony Falls, is dead.

The Duluth chamber of commerce will ask Admiral Dewey to visit that city while on his Western trip.

C. S. Randall has been appointed chief of police for Duluth. Oscar Mitchell is the new city attorney.

Winona reports say the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad is planning extensive improvements in that vicinity.

At a special meeting Renville voted \$7,500 bonds for an addition to the school building. Ninety votes for and thirteen against.

The jury in the Clements case at Caladonia has found President Clements of the Fillmore County bank guilty of wrecking that bank.

A scarlet fever epidemic has broken out at Red Rock, near Langdon. The school has been closed and the camp grounds are under strict quarantine.

C. W. Miller, the big sheep dealer, has tendered his check for \$7,000 to be used in the erection of a church for the German Methodists of Winona.

The Standard Telephone company has placed a telephone central station in Harmony. The step is taken on the strength of a contract or franchise granted by the council about two years ago. There is much popular objection to this franchise.

At a mass meeting at Hoffman a creamery company was organized and a building will be erected in the near future. The officers are: President, Swan Ausland; vice president, Peter Randeau; secretary, Ed Holland; treasurer, O. O. Clarquist.

James Palmer of Winona has accepted the reduction from \$1,800 to \$1,200 by Judge Snow of his verdict against the Winona Railway and Freight company for damages for injuries alleged to have been received in a fall from a street car that started up as he was dismounting.

Joseph Jonas was held to the grand jury at St. Cloud for vicious assault committed in January at Avon on Jacob Kurtz. The complaining witness is just able to leave his bed to appear against his assailant. Both are farmers, and it is claimed that in Germany Kurtz had killed a man in a similar encounter.

Several cases of what now proves to be genuine smallpox exist about three miles east of Anoka. Dr. Kline of Anoka has been treating the cases as chickenpox, but yesterday Dr. Frank, of the local board of health, was called in and pronounced it genuine smallpox. Three people in the Coon Creek postoffice are down with smallpox and the office is closed.

The Commercial club of Red Wing appointed a committee of five to help along the plan of Prof. Nachtrieb, of the state university, to establish a zoological station near that place. The plan is to buy about two acres and put up a building costing about \$300. With this as a starter Prof. Nachtrieb will go before the next legislature and ask for an appropriation of \$25,000 or \$30,000 to equip and sustain the station.

A joint petition, signed by the Mississippi Logging company and F. Weyerhaeuser, was filed with Judge Snow at Winona. The petition stated that the petitioners are the sole owners of the stock of the Minnesota Boom company, and that the interests of all concerned would be benefited by the dissolution of the corporation, as there is no need for two companies doing the same business in the same territory.

Stockholders of the Minnesota Stone-ware company of Red Wing, whose plant was destroyed by fire three weeks ago, entailing a loss of \$5,000, have decided to rebuild. The building will be of brick, 200 feet long, 60 feet wide and three stories high. Modern machinery will be purchased and the plant made the most up-to-date in the country.

The postoffice at Stewartsville has been assigned to the presidential class. Salary of the postmaster is increased to \$1,000.

AMERICAN TRANSVAAL FUND.

To Aid Widows and Orphans of the Boers.

A pathetic appeal of the committee of Africaners and Bond members of parliament was issued at Cape Town, Oct. 10, 1899, signed by Messrs. N. F. DeWaal, Joseph N. Hoffman, J. H. Hofmeyr, Thomas P. Theron and D. J. A. Van Zyl, which says among other things:

"What may, what can, we colonial Africaners do in this sorrowful time? Join in the work of warfare with the weapons? The law and our duty as British subjects forbid this, even should other circumstances not oppose such a course of action.

"But what neither the law nor the duty of the subject forbids, and what, moreover, agrees in every respect with all principles of religion and humanity, is the offering of help to the wounded, to the widows and the orphans."

In the name of the Africaner bond, on behalf of the citizens of the South African republic and their noble ally, the Orange Free State, I appeal to all Americans to show their sympathy with the brave people who are now, in the words of John Hancock, literally offering all that they have, all that they are, and all that they hope to be, upon the altar of their country, fighting to the death the arrogance and imposition of the great British empire, in order to remain free and independent, as did our American forefathers in 1776 and 1812. THERE WILL BE NO BOER WOUNDED ON THE BRITISH-AMERICAN HOSPITAL SHIP.

Send to me your subscriptions, small and large, and I will send the amount to Mr. C. C. de Villiers, Cape Town, the honorable treasurer of the committee of the Africaner bond, to be expended under that appeal. I sent \$2,000 on Feb. 23, 1900.

GEORGE W. VAN SICLEN,
American Treasurer.

No. 141 Broadway, New York City.
Feb. 24, 1900.

BEVERIDGE AT NAGASAKI.

The Consul Would Take no Chances on Being Taken In—Once Was Enough.

During his recent trip to the Philippines Albert J. Beveridge, United States senator from Indiana, stopped at the Japanese port of Nagasaki.

Mr. Beveridge is only thirty-five years old, and so youthful looking that he might easily pass for a collegian of twenty-five. He went ashore at Nagasaki for a few hours. Nobody in the place knew him, not even the few Americans there, as his coming had not been heralded. He walked about the town at his leisure and then dropped in to pay a visit to the United States consul.

That official had been victimized a few weeks before by a young American visitor, who claimed to be the son of Senator Boese Penrose of Pennsylvania, and borrowed \$20. The consul had just learned that Senator Penrose has no son.

"Good morning, consul," exclaimed Mr. Beveridge, handing out his card. "I am Senator Beveridge of Indiana and I have just dropped in—"

"Look here, young man," interrupted the consul, "I am up to your little game, and you can't get a cent here; do you understand?"

The senator, first astonished and then indignant, began to protest, but the indignant side of the matter appealed to him so strongly that he picked up his hat and went away laughing.

"Ha!" exclaimed the consul, "they can't fool me more than once. I suppose the next thing will be some round-faced beggar trying to palm himself on me as President McKinley."