

CONGRESS

RESUMÉ OF THE WEEK'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate.

Washington, March 16. — "I assert most emphatically that when the senator says I told him I should not speak on this subject, he does not state the truth."

This was the sensational retort made in the senate yesterday by Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire to a statement just made by Mr. Penrose of Pennsylvania. Senators were astounded and the auditors in the galleries quivered with excitement. There had scarcely been the slightest intimation that the debate would take such a turn. For nearly three hours the senate had under discussion the bill appropriating \$2,095,000 for the benefit of the people of Porto Rico.

Mr. Fairbanks of Indiana had just concluded some remarks on the measure and suggested that the senate proceed to the consideration of executive business. Pending a motion to that effect, Mr. Penrose, who has charge of the case of former Senator Quay, suggested that a time be fixed for a vote on the case.

In the course of his remarks he intimated that certain senators were throwing obstacles in the way of a vote and indicated that Mr. Gallinger was one of those senators. Mr. Gallinger quietly replied that he desired to be heard on the question, but had not had an opportunity to speak. To this statement Mr. Penrose retorted that the New Hampshire senator had assured him that he did not expect to speak on the Quay case. Instantly Mr. Gallinger was on his feet and, with evident feeling and with great vehemence, replied as above quoted.

"I do not know whether I do not speak the truth," hotly replied Mr. Penrose, "or whether the senator from New Hampshire failed to tell me the truth." Mr. Gallinger retorted that the whole proceeding of Mr. Penrose was unmanly and beneath his notice.

The proposition to fix a time for a vote was postponed until to-day, but it was some time before the excitement subsided. The debate on the appropriation bill developed a decided difference of opinion, as Mr. Jones of Arkansas offered a substitute for the measure a bill to return the duties to those who had paid them and providing for absolute free trade between the United States and Porto Rico. The bill had not been disposed of when the Quay case was called up. Mr. Wellington of Maryland presented an elaborate argument against the seating of Mr. Quay, and the remainder of the session was consumed in a running discussion of the constitutional questions involved.

The House.

The district of Columbia appropriation bill, carrying \$6,608,378, was passed by the house yesterday, and also a bill granting the abandoned Fort Hayes military reservation to the State of Kansas for experimental station and normal school purposes.

The Senate.

Washington, March 17. — After a debate, at times spirited, extending over parts of two days, the senate yesterday passed the Porto Rican relief appropriation bill. As passed, the measure carries \$2,095,000, the president being authorized to use that sum for "public education, public works and other governmental and public purposes" in Porto Rico. Mr. Allen (Neb.) offered an amendment to the bill declaring that the Constitution extends over Porto Rico by its own force, but it was lost by the decisive vote of 36 to 17. Mr. Jones (Ark.) withdrew a free trade amendment offered by him and that proposition, therefore, did not reach a vote. Other efforts to amend the bill were fruitless. An order was made by the senate as to consideration of the case of former Senator Quay, it being unanimously agreed that it should be taken up two weeks from next Tuesday and discussed until disposed of, the discussion not to interfere with the unfinished business. The Spooner bill authorizing the president to govern the Philippines until otherwise directed, the appropriation bills or conference reports.

The House.

Yesterday was the first private bill day in the house under the new rules. About two hours were spent in the discussion of a bill to pay Representative Swanson \$1,760 for extra expenses incurred by him in his contest in the last congress, but the bill was ultimately abandoned. Six bills of minor importance were passed.

The Senate.

Washington, March 20. — Two measures of national importance and many of slightly lesser interest were passed by the senate yesterday. The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, carrying more than \$25,000,000, was passed without debate. The measure providing for the appointment of a commission to adjudicate and settle the claims of the people of the United States growing out of the war with Spain was also passed without opposition.

For a brief time the Porto Rican government and tariff measure was under consideration. Mr. Foraker, in charge of the bill, submitted some committee amendments. A few of them were agreed to, but the important ones are still pending. A free trade amendment to the bill was offered by Senator Beveridge.

The House.

The house to-day refused to concur in the senate amendments to the Porto Rican relief bill. The Democrats supported a motion to concur on the day in extending to the inhabitants of the island, but the Republicans stood firmly behind Chairman Cannon in his demand that the house should insist upon its original provisions to appropriate not only the money collected on Porto Rican goods up to Jan. 1, but all subsequent moneys collected or about to be collected.

The remainder of the day was devoted to the District of Columbia business.

The House.

Washington, March 21. — The house yesterday entered upon the consideration of the Loud bill to restrict the character of publications entitled to pound rates as second-class mail mat-

ter. The bill has been before congress for several years. Mr. Loud defended the bill in a long speech. The other speakers were H. C. Smith of Michigan, in favor of the bill, and Messrs. Little of Arkansas, Bell of Colorado, Henry of Mississippi, Stokes of South Carolina and Mr. Brown of Ohio, in opposition to it. Before the bill was taken up Mr. Sulzer of New York delivered a denunciation of the administration in connection with his resolution of inquiry calling upon the war department for information as to what fortifications Great Britain was erecting on the Canadian border. The committee on military affairs submitted a reply of Adj. Gen. Corbin, saying such information was secret, but that Great Britain was erecting no works which threatened our rights. The committee recommended laying the resolution upon the table. The house sustained the committee's recommendation by a vote of 110 to 97.

The Senate.
Discussion of the Porto Rico government and tariff bill was resumed in the senate yesterday. Mr. Morgan of Alabama presenting a speech dealing with some of the constitutional phases of the matter. He maintained that as the treaty of Paris was the supreme law of the land, it was impossible for the United States to abandon either Porto Rico or the Philippines. He held also that the constitution extended to a certain extent at least over the islands of Porto Rico, and that the inhabitants of Porto Rico were citizens of the United States.

Washington, March 22. — During the debate in the house yesterday upon the Loud bill relating to second-class mail matter there was a sharp exchange between Mr. McPherson of Iowa and Mr. Lentz of Ohio over a charge made by the former that the latter was the attorney of the lobby which is fighting the bill, otherwise the debate was without incident. Both the friends and opponents of the measure express the belief that the vote will be close.

Mr. Loud has agreed to accept two amendments, one to increase the number of sample copies which newspapers can send out at second-class rates from 500 to 2,000, and the other to limit the provision requiring newspapers to separate their mail in addition to those already in existence to over 5,000 circulation. These are all the concessions he will make. He says the debate has strengthened the bill and he believes it will pass. The speakers yesterday were Mr. Brownwell of Ohio, Griggs of Georgia, McPherson of Iowa, Burke of Texas, Bingham of Pennsylvania, Seatwale of Minnesota and Latimer of South Carolina, in favor of the bill, and Messrs. Morgan of Tennessee, Lentz of Ohio, Vandiver of Missouri, Snodgrass of Tennessee, Cochran of Missouri and Neville of Nebraska, against the measure.

The Senate.
Upon the authority of the governor of Alaska Mr. Turner of Washington made the statement in the senate yesterday that concessions for gold mining in the bed of the sea near Cape Nome, Alaska, had been granted by the secretary of war, and upon that statement he based a resolution of inquiry. Senator Turner said if such a grant had been made it was "a shame, a reproach and a scandal." The resolution was agreed to. In a few minutes, and without discussion, the additional urgent deficiency bill was passed with one or two other measures of importance. Mr. Allison gave notice that he would call up to-day the conference report on the Porto Rican appropriation bill.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.
St. Paul, March 23. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 63 64 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 61 @ 63c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 31 1-4 @ 31 1-2c; No. 3, 31 @ 31 1-4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 24 @ 24 1-4c; No. 3, 23 3-4 @ 24c. Barley and Rye—Feed barley, 33 @ 34c; malting grade, 35 @ 35c; No. 2 rye, 51c; No. 3 rye, 50 1-2c.

Duluth, March 23.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 66 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, 65 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 62 3-4c; No. 3 spring, 59 1-2c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 63 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, 65 1-4c; May, No. 1 Northern, 66 1-4c; July, No. 1 Northern, 66 1-8c; oats, 23 1-4 @ 24c; rye, 52c; barley, 35 @ 35c; corn, 34 7-8c; flax, to arrive, \$1.62 1-2c; May, \$1.64; September, \$1.15; October, \$1.11.

Minneapolis, March 23.—Wheat—May opened at 64 1-2c and closed at 64 1-4c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66c; No. 1 Northern, 65c. Corn—Yellow, 34c. Oats—White, 24c. Flax, \$1.62.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 23.—Flour is steady. Wheat lower; No. 1 Northern, 66 1-2 @ 67 1-2c; No. 2 Northern, 64 @ 66c. Rye drooping; No. 1, 57c. Barley higher; No. 2, 45c; sample, 35 @ 35 1-2c. Oats dull; No. 2 white, 29 @ 29 1-2c.

Chicago, March 23.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 65 1-2 @ 66 1-2c; No. 3 red, 63 @ 67 1-2c; No. 2 hard winter, 66 1-2c; No. 3 do, 62 @ 65 1-2c; No. 1 Northern spring, 67 @ 68c; No. 2 do, 66 1-2 @ 67 1-2c; No. 3 spring, 61 1-2 @ 66 1-2c. Corn—No. 2, 36 5-8c; No. 3, 36 1-4c. Oats—No. 2, 23 3-4 @ 24c; No. 3, 23 1-2 @ 23 3-4c.

Chicago, March 23.—Cattle—Beeves, good to prime steers, \$4.75 @ 5.80; poor to medium, \$4 @ 4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.40 @ 4.75; cows and heifers, \$3 @ 4.50; Texas-fed steers, \$3.75 @ 5.10; mixed and butchers, \$4.75 @ 5.10; good to choice heavy, \$4.50 @ 5.12 1-2; rough heavy, \$4.75 @ 5.12 1-2. Light, \$4.70 @ 5; bulk of sales, \$4.50 @ 5.02 1-2. Sheep, \$4.70 @ 5.90; lambs, \$5.50 @ 7.15.

St. Louis, Mo., March 23.—Cattle—Beeves, \$4 @ 4.75; cows and bulls, mixed, \$2 @ 4; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 @ 4.40; calves and yearlings, \$3.75 @ 4.75. Hogs, \$4.75 @ 4.85; bulk, \$4.75 @ 4.82 1-2.

South St. Paul, March 23. — Hogs — \$4.50 @ 4.95. Cattle—Cows, \$2.10 @ 3.70; mixed, \$3.85; calves, \$6; bulls, \$3 @ 5.50; steers, \$4.25 @ 4.50; stockers, \$3.25 @ 4.50; heifers, \$3.50 @ 4.

McDonough was in the third. Elmira, N. Y., March 23.—Jack McDonough of St. Paul knocked out Lon Beckwith, colored, of Cleveland, in the third round of what was to have been a twenty-five-round bout last night. The fighting was fast and furious.

Drowned While Bathing.

Dallas, Tex., March 23.—W. E. Newman, a commercial traveler from Detroit, Mich., was drowned in the Colorado river near Bastrop while bathing. Mr. Newman served as interpreter in Cuba during the war with Spain.

News of the Northwest

TROLLEY LINE TO EVERY TOWN.

St. Paul to Be the Center of an Extensive System.

St. Paul, March 22.—The plan of the new electric railway company is to give to St. Paul a system of suburban lines such as have been developed within recent years around the large Eastern cities. A beginning will be made by connecting the city with the village of White Bear, and then, as rapidly as the traffic will warrant and the work can be done, to build extensions to cities as far north as Taylor's Falls and south to Red Wing. The system would connect St. Paul with every town and village of any importance within a radius of seventy miles.

RICH TIMBER BELT.

To Be Tapped by the Midland Railway.

Portland, Or., March 22.—A special to the Oregonian from Ashland says: A contract has been let to Chicago parties for grading and laying the rails on seventy-two miles of the proposed Oregon Midland railroad. The company has also contracted for five locomotives. The proposed road stops at Klamath Falls, Or., and follows the Klamath river to a point between Klamath and Hornbrook, Cal., on the Southern Pacific railroad. The road will tap a rich timber belt.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

Frank Schlad Shot His Wife and Then Killed Himself.
Manitowoc, Wis., March 22.—Frank Schlad and wife were found dead at their home, eighteen miles from here. Death was caused by shooting, bullet holes being found in both bodies. The supposition is that Schlad killed his wife and then committed suicide. It is said that domestic trouble existed between the couple for some time, and that yesterday they agreed to separate. A coroner's inquest will be held, and sensational developments are looked for.

RED LODGE FIRE.

Business Property Destroyed and One Man Killed by Falling Walls.
Billings, Mont., March 22.—Fire at Red Lodge destroyed Potter's hardware store, Hall & Larkins' saloon, the Picket printing office and other adjacent property. One man, a jurymen in a murder trial, was killed by falling walls.

High Price for Land.

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 22.—At the sale of school lands yesterday a tract near Dell Rapids sold for \$37.50, the highest price at which school land has ever been sold in the state. A tract twenty-five miles from here sold for \$23 per acre, while another brought \$25.25 per acre. Only a comparatively small amount of school land remains unsold in the county.

Narrow Escape From Death.

Grand Forks, N. D., March 22.—Fire occurred last night in the residence of E. H. McCormick, Northern Pacific engineer. Mrs. McCormick, who was sleeping with her child, barely escaped with her life. The room was in flames when she awoke. She seized the child and jumped through the window, receiving severe cuts from the glass. Loss, \$2,500.

Seriously Injured.

Aberdeen, S. D., March 22.—Ed Williams, a young farmer living near here, was seriously, perhaps fatally, injured by being caught in the gearing of a feed mill. One arm was broken, twice, and he received several bad cuts on the head, rendering him unconscious. He lay on the ground several hours before his wife discovered him.

Hospital Contract.

Marquette, Mich., March 22.—Contracts were let at Newberry for two new cottages to be occupied there for the Upper Peninsula hospital for the insane. Lipsett & Gregg of Sault Ste. Marie were the lowest bidders on the general contract, while W. A. Powers & Co., Milwaukee, got the heating and ventilating contract.

Prominent Farmer Killed.

Winnipeg, March 22.—Gavin Ross, a well known farmer and politician of Emerson district, was instantly killed by his team running away. Ross was a candidate for parliamentary honors at the election of 1896, and was again nominated this year to oppose Hon. Dr. McFadden, the now provincial secretary.

Smallpox in Iowa.

Eldora, Iowa, March 22.—Central Iowa is going through a siege of smallpox, and as a result strict quarantine has been established at Story City, Hubbard, Radcliffe and Hampton. At one or two places the public schools have been closed and every precaution is being taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Fireman and Engineer Seized.

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 22.—By the blowing out of the arch pipe of an engine pulling a north-bound freight on the Great Northern Engineer Osmundson and Fireman Nethaway, whose homes are at Willmar, were seriously scalded by escaping steam. The injured men were brought here.

Duluth Normal.

Winona, Minn., March 22.—The lowest bid for the Duluth normal school is from MacLeod & Smith, Duluth, \$68,200. The normal board building committee recommends its acceptance, which action the board is pretty sure to take.

Drowned in Carthage Lake.

Burlington, Iowa, March 22.—The body of Ernest Schlapp was found in Carthage lake by searchers. He was soon to have been married to Miss Gertrude Cotsworth of Chicago.

RED RIVER CANAL.

Delegates to Promote the Scheme Meet in Fargo.

Fargo, N. D., March 23.—A large delegation of citizens from along the Red river from Winnipeg to Lake Traverse are here to attend a meeting of the tri-state drainage convention. Yesterday morning the committees announced progress of work accomplished. Committees will be appointed in each county along the river on both sides to work up the matter. Each state interested will ask representatives at Washington to obtain an appropriation of a million dollars for the work of connecting the Red with the Mississippi. In the afternoon the committee decided to hold a mass meeting at Grand Forks May 15. Mayors of cities along the Red river will appoint one to every hundred population as delegates to the meeting.

BLAZE AT ELDORA.

Military Stock Burned but Will Be Replaced at Once by New Goods.

Eldora, Iowa, March 23.—Fire was discovered in a building on East Marion street, owned by C. F. Stauffer and occupied by Miss Lawton as a millinery store. An alarm was at once turned in and the two hose companies, together with a hook and ladder company, responded. After a sharp fight the fire was extinguished. The damage to the building was about \$100; not insured. Miss Lawton is especially lucky. She had just returned from Chicago, having purchased her new spring stock. The new stock had arrived but was stored in the depot for a day or two while she prepared the room for its reception. The old stock is a total loss, but is partly covered by insurance.

MAD DOG SCARE.

Hydrophobia Terrorizes Farmers—Cattle Die From Bites.

Graceville, Minn., March 23.—The people in the western part of Big Stone county are terrorized by a hydrophobia scare. In several townships the supervisors have ordered all dogs shot. A number of horses and cattle have been bitten by rabid dogs, and quite a number have died with symptoms clearly indicating hydrophobia. As yet no person has been bitten. Fears are entertained that many horses and cattle will have to be killed to prevent injury to others.

SIGSBEE ST. PAUL'S GUEST.

He Accepts the Commercial Club's Invitation.

St. Paul, March 23.—Capt. Charles D. Sigbee, the commander of the battleship in the county treasury, vacated by Havanna harbor, and the commander of the steamer St. Paul through the war that followed, has accepted the invitation of the Commercial club to visit this city and act as one of the judges in selecting the design for the bronze tablet to be presented to the steamer St. Paul by the citizens of this city.

A Brutal Father.

Belmont, Iowa, March 23.—James Riley, who has been in the dry business here for over twenty years, became enraged at his eldest daughter, who is teaching in the public schools, and struck her in the face with his clenched fist, knocking her down and severely bruising her face. The young woman ran to a neighbor's for refuge, while Riley left town to wait until the public indignation softens. It is thought Riley had been drinking, as he is generally peaceable.

Affected by Strike.

Houghton, Mich., March 23.—Over half a million dollars' worth of new mining and milling machinery badly needed here is hung up by the machinists' strike in Chicago. If the strike spreads to Philadelphia and Milwaukee, machinery for the Lake Superior copper mines, aggregating nearly \$3,000,000, will be affected, and a long-continued strike would greatly hurt the business of mines and miners here.

Shot His Twin Brother.

Webster City, Iowa, March 23.—A boy named Johnson, living east of the city, was seriously if not fatally shot by his twin brother. They were driving the cows up for the evening and the mills in Chicago. If the strike spreads to Philadelphia and Milwaukee, machinery for the Lake Superior copper mines, aggregating nearly \$3,000,000, will be affected, and a long-continued strike would greatly hurt the business of mines and miners here.

Casualty at Pioneer Mine.

Ely, Minn., March 23.—By an accident at the Pioneer mine John Westermohr, a runner, was killed and two laborers badly injured. Westermohr was running a motor engine on the stock pile when the engine and ten cars broke through a trestle, falling about fifteen feet and rolling on him. He leaves a wife and family and has relatives at Hibbing.

Wisconsin Editor Dead.

Manitowoc, Wis., March 23.—John Nagle, editor of the Manitowoc Pilot, and one of the most prominent of the independent Democrats of Wisconsin, died of typhoid fever taken while on a trip with the National Editorial association through the South.

Smallpox Quarantine Raised.

Muscataine, Iowa, March 23.—The smallpox quarantine which has been in force here for some weeks has been lifted. No serious cases developed.

Goes to Reformatory.

Red Wing, Minn., March 23.—George Crosby, charged with burglary, committed in Pine Island, was sentenced to the St. Cloud reformatory.

Great Northern Express Derailed.

Cloquet, Minn., March 23.—The Great Northern express was derailed between Carlton and Saunders. No one was seriously injured.

Killed in a Runaway Accident.

Fox Lake, Wis., March 23.—A young son of Charles Haas, a farmer living east of town, was killed in a runaway accident by being thrown out of a wagon, striking his head on the frozen ground and breaking his neck.

MINNESOTA ITEMS

HE LIKES WESTERN CANADA.

Duhamel, Jan. 24, 1900.

Dear Sir and Friend—We had a lucky trip, made good connections and got to Wetaskiwin Monday afternoon; stayed there all night, bought a pony and saddle for the boy and hired a three-seated rig for the balance of us, and got home to dinner next day; caught the boys cleaning up and getting ready to come after us. Wednesday the snow was all gone and we had bare ground and bright sunshine for a month, and it has been pleasant weather ever since. The ground is frozen about two feet and about six inches of snow—just enough for good sleighing. We had one cold spell in December. The thermometer went down to 32 below zero, but we did not suffer with the cold at all. We have worked every day all winter, are all well and feeling well; have built a log house 18x18, two log stables 16x18, and are now busy on a well. We have 10 cows, three other cattle and six head of horses. The boys send their best respects to Mr. Hutchison, and say they will talk to him enough to pay for not writing when he gets up here; will write you again next spring and tell you all about the winter. We all unite in sending you and family our best wishes and respects and hope this will find you all well.

Yours very respectfully,
(Signed) THOMAS TATE,
Duhamel, Alberta, Canada.

P. S.—It has not been down to zero this month, it is 22 above now.

KEPT HER RELATIVES ANXIOUS.

New Orleans Woman Who Gained Favor by Making Many Wills of Big Figures.

"Several years ago," said a New Orleans lawyer, chatting about queer experiences in his profession, "a woman died in this city who, to my certain knowledge, had made at least twenty-five different wills. Of course, there are people in the world who have a mania for will-making, just as there are manias in other directions; but there was a distinct method in this woman's madness. She made her numerous wills for the deliberate purpose of exciting cupidty, and then profiting by it, and if the true story of the curious complications growing out of that policy could be written, it would form an astonishing chronicle of greed and duplicity.

"To begin with, she had a couple of pieces of improved property, worth, perhaps, \$6,000, and a lot of personal belongings which were junk and rubbish, but which she valued at fabulous figures. Between the two she was reputed to be worth from \$50,000 to \$60,000, and there was much jealousy as to the prospective succession among a lot of distant relatives. The old woman's plan was to take up her quarters with some particular set of her kin and make a will in their favor. Needless to say she was given every consideration, and invariably got into a quarrel in the course of a few months, and moved somewhere else, where the same programme was repeated. She spent years in migrations of that sort, going the rounds of her relatives several times, and camping temporarily with numerous personal friends.

"When she finally died it was found that her last authentic will left the coveted property to a niece who had shown her scarcely any attention at all, and the will of rage and disappointment that arose was something simply terrific. I dare say she engendered more family bitterness when she was alive, precipitated more rows, and was instrumental in causing a greater number of people to stop speaking when they passed by than any one person in the parish. This was an extreme case, but it was by no means unique. Almost every lawyer in town who has a large general practice could cite instances where judicious will-making has kept old age surrounded by affectionate solicitude."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

No Wonder It Was Stale.

In a metropolitan court a woman was sued for the value of a certain quantity of bread supplied to her order and received fully.

In defense she stated that the amount charged was exorbitant, as, owing to being stale, she was entitled to a reduction in price.

After conflicting evidence, presuming the case would be decided against her, the defendant placed her hand under her heavy shawl, and producing a loaf, she shouted:

"Seeing's believing, your honor. That's a specimen—stale enough for a menagerie, and hard as a brick!"

With a smile, the judge tried to pass his thumb into the substantial evidence before him, but, being baffled on all sides, he exclaimed:

"My good woman, I quite feel for you as well as the loaf. Judgment for the defendant!"

It transpired afterward that the defendant had saved the loaf in question for nine months.—Tit-Bits.

A Disturbed Conscience.

Miss Matilda Snowflake sat at the piano and sang: "All I Wants Is Ma Chicken!"

Mr. Zeke Darkleigh, who had paid a nocturnal visit to Miss Snowflake's papa's hen-roost the week before, squirmed uneasily in his seat, and finally asked in anxious tones:

"Is—is dey anything pussional intended in dat song, Miss Matilda?"—Baltimore American.

The Man in the Moon is Pretty Slow.

See how long it takes him to make up a face.

Strong Evidence.

Mrs. Smooth—John, don't I smell cloves on your breath?

Mr. Smooth—Yes—er—I—

Mrs. Smooth—John, there's something in the wind. This is the first time since we have been married that you have tried to kill your whisky breath with cloves. Heretofore you never cared whether I knew you'd been drinking or not. I don't believe for a moment that you've taken a sudden violent fancy to me. Now, John, who is this other woman?—Indianapolis Sun.