AGRICULTURE

University of Kentucky College of Agriculture, Food and Environment Cooperative Extension Service Extension Notes extension.ca.uky.edu

Agriculture & Natural Resources

Jonathan Oakes Russell County Extension Office

Stay Safe during Harvest

Source: Mark Purschwitz, UK Extension Professor, and Agricultural Safety and Health Specialist

Harvest is a busy time for Kentucky farmers and their families. It also is a peak season for agricultural injuries and an especially important time for farm families to pay attention to safety.

If you have employees, take time to talk to them about safety. Make sure all workers are trained and physically capable of operating equipment and that they understand the safety procedures.

Long working hours can lead to fatigue and stress and that can make you less alert to potential safety hazards. Take breaks when operating equipment for an extended time. If possible, trade off with other workers for a change of pace.

Dress appropriately for the job. Avoid loose clothing, jackets with dangling strings and sweatshirts that could get entangled in moving equipment.

Entanglement in moving parts, especially power take-offs or other chain and belt drivers, is a major harvest hazard. Inspect machinery and equipment to be sure shields and guards on moving parts are in place and in good repair. Replace ineffective or missing safety equipment.

Before getting off equipment, disengage the power and wait for moving parts to completely stop. When possible, shut off the engine.

It is always a good idea to take the ignition key with you, so another person does not unexpectedly start equipment while you are performing maintenance or making a repair. If you are working under any piece of equipment, such as a header unit, always use the jack stand or hydraulic cylinder locks to prevent it from suddenly falling and pinning you. Be sure all safety locks are operational.

Always use paper or cardboard to check for hydraulic leaks. A pinhole-size hydraulic leak can cause severe tissue damage. If you are injected with oil from a hydraulic leak, immediately seek medical assistance. The oil must be surgically removed, and delays can result in serious infections and possible amputations.

Tractor overturns are the leading cause of farm deaths. To prevent these tragedies, equip older model tractors with a rollover protective structure. Most tractors manufactured after the late 1960s or early 1970s can be equipped with a ROPS for a reasonable price.

Make it a habit to use the seat belt to ensure you remain inside the zone of protection provided by the ROPS or safety cab. The seat belt also will keep you from being thrown off the tractor if you hit an obstacle. Being thrown off the tractor and run over is the second leading cause of tractor deaths in Kentucky. drivers need to watch for unmarked field entrances or other places the driver might be planning to enter. A tractor may need to move to the right to complete a left turn so do not assume the driver wants you to pass when moving to the right side. Pass only in a designated passing zone or when the other driver signals and completely pulls off the road.

For more information on farm safety, contact the Russell County Cooperative Extension Service office.

Meetings and Announcements

CAIP Receipts will be accepted by Wanda Miick at the Russell County Extension Office September 20, from 1:30 – 3:30 PM.

CAIP Educational Meeting for Farm Infrastructure Investment Areas - September 13, 6:00 PM at the Russell County Extension Office – Attendance at an educational meeting is required in order to receive reimbursement for CAIP investment areas. For more information call the Russell County Extension Office at 270-866-4477.

CAIP Educational Meeting for Fencing & On-Farm Water Investment Areas – September 20, 6:00 PM at the Russell County Extension Office. Attendance at an educational meeting is required in order to receive reimbursement for CAIP investment areas. For more information call the Russell County Extension Office at 270-866-4477.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of economic or social status and will not discriminate on the basis of race, color, ethnic origin, national origin, creed, religion, political belief, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, pregnancy, marital status, genetic information, age, veteran status, or physical or mental disability.

Grant is new member of American Angus

Tyler Grant, Russell Springs, Kentucky, is a new junior member of the American Angus Association®, reports Allen Moczygemba, CEO of the national organization with headquarters in Saint Joseph, Mo.

Junior members of the Association are eligible to register cattle in the American Angus Association, participate in programs conducted by the National Junior Angus Association and take part in Association-sponsored shows and other national and regional events.

The American Angus Association is the largest beef breed association in the world, with more than 25,000 active adult and junior members.



Russell County Stockyards - September 5, 2018 *Cattle weighed at time of sale.*

Cattle Receipts: 444 • Last Week: 883 • Last Year: 318

Compared to last week: Feeder calves very inconsistent quality.Feeder steers 2.00-3.00 higher and heifers calves steady 1.00 higher. Slaughter cows and Slaughter bulls 1.00 lower. 07 Replacement cattle, 36 slaughter cattle, 401 feeder cattle. Slaughter cows made up 7 percent of the offering, slaughter bulls 2 percent, replacement cows 1 percent, and feeders 90 percent. The feeder supply included 36 percent steers, 39 percent heifers, and 25 percent bulls. Near 34 percent of the run weighed over 600 lbs.

Feeder Steers			Medium and Large 1 - 2		
Hea	d Wt Ran	ige A	vg Wt Price Range Avg Price		
1	295-295	295	169.00 169.00		
2	320-340	330	168.00-176.00 172.12		
2	360-375	368	165.00-169.00 167.04		
2	367-367	367	170.00 170.00 Value Added		
11	410-445	423	161.00-180.00 165.01		
1	410-410	410	180.00 180.00 Fancy		
7	457-495	480	155.00-165.00 162.16		
16	501-538	515	143.50-164.00 158.91		
11	556-599	586	161.00-168.50 166.10		
5	605-645	629	141.00-159.00 149.98		
1	670-670	670	153.00 153.00		
1	715-715	715	120.00 120.00		
2	770-770	770	145.00 145.00		
59	815-815	815	141.50 141.50 Value Added		

2	390-390	390	179.00 1	79.00	Thin Fleshed		
5	407-440	422	148.00-168.00	158	.35		
14	450-497	468	147.00-159.00) 152	2.92		
17	500-545	522	138.00-156.00) 147	7.27		
11	552-590	574	144.00-156.00) 147	7.40		
12	600-646	632	133.00-147.00) 142	2.85		
1	675-675	675	130.00 1	30.00			
1	735-735	735	140.00 1	40.00			
3	750-785	773	119.00-130.00	126	.44		
1	920-920	920	94.00 9	4.00			
Small 1 - 2							
1	415-415	415	139.00 1	39.00			
3	482-485	483	119.00-129.00	125	.65		
Medium and Large 2 - 3							
1	425-425	425	142.50 1	42.50			
1	500-500	500	125.00 1	25.00			
5	550-575	566	125.00-135.00	128	.98		
3	630-642	638	120.00-125.00	123	.35		
2	705-720	713	115.00-118.00	116	.52		

Never allow any extra riders on tractors or equipment. Keep bystanders away from operating equipment. Also, be aware of people who may have come into the area. Always check around equipment before starting or moving it.

Carry a fire extinguisher on all tractors and self-propelled equipment, especially combines. Periodically check extinguishers to be sure they are pressurized and in good condition.

To prevent fires on combines, be sure equipment is clean and hoses and fuel systems are in good shape and not leaking. Remove trash and debris around engine components.

Check for clearances with overhead power lines when operating or moving tall machines, because contact with them may cause electrocution. Moving portable augers around overhead power lines is especially hazardous so always lower them first.

When filling silos, watch for the bleach-like odor that indicates silo gas. This yellowish-brown gas is heavier than air and will settle on the silage surface and may flow down the chute into adjacent livestock areas. Close any doors leading to livestock areas, keep the base of the silo chute well ventilated and do not enter a silo during the first two weeks.

Farm vehicles on public roads are annually involved in thousands of injury accidents in the United States, and more than 200 collisions involving farm machinery on public roads occur in Kentucky every year. Thus, people driving farm machinery and those driving vehicles should be especially careful and watchful.

Keep slow moving vehicle emblems and extremity markings clean and bright to help motorists notice equipment. Replace faded SMV emblems, and check headlights, taillights and flashing lights for satisfactory operation.

To alert oncoming drivers, use reflectors or reflective tape when the edges of towed equipment extend beyond the left side of a tractor. If a tractor has mirrors, keep them clean and adjusted for the driver to watch for approaching motorists. When possible, pull completely off the road to let a line of traffic pass.

Since it may be difficult to anticipate the operational intentions of farm machinery on the road, other Groups of 20 head: 59 head 815 lbs 141.50 53 blk/6 chxb

	Medium and Large 2 - 3							
1	440-440	440	147.00	147.00				
Holstein Large 3								
1	310-310	310	92.50	92.50				
1	440-440	440	89.00	89.00				

Feeder Heifers Medium and Large 1 - 2 Head Wt Range Avg Wt Price Range Avg Price 1 280-280 280 169.00 169.00 370-398 391 152.00-166.00 162.69 4 171.00 1 355-355 355 171.00 Fancy 22 400-440 414 138.00-152.00 145.18 30 450-493 474 138.00-148.00 143.57 132.50-140.00 26 512-543 530 135.45 551-585 569 127.50-131.50 9 129.41 5 605-625 614 120.00-128.00 126.12 7 655-697 674 116.00-133.00 126.23 5 705-722 715 119.00-125.00 121.79 4 767-775 771 116.00-122.50 119.27 2 805-805 805 113.50 113.50 Small 1 - 2 1 415-415 415 128.00 128.00 Medium and Large 2 - 3 2 385-395 390 127.50-133.00 130.21 415-445 433 131.00-137.00 132.99 4 4 495-495 495 130.00-133.00 132.25 3 500-530 513 115.00-132.00 123.83 1 580-580 580 120.00 120.00 3 600-645 623 107.00-112.00 109.63 1 665-665 665 110.00 110.00

Feeder BullsMedium and Large 1 - 2HeadWt RangeAvg WtPrice RangeAvg Price2375-385380170.00-174.00171.97

Bred Cows Medium and Large 1 - 2 Young Head Wt Range Avg Wt Price Range Avg Price 1 1405-1405 1405 895.00 895.00 Per Head 4-6 Months Bred Medium and Large 1 - 2 Middle Aged 1 1525-1525 1525 900.00 900.00 Per Head 1-3 Months Bred 1 1450-1450 1450 795.00 795.00 Per Head 4-6 Months Bred 1 1715-1715 1715 910.00 910.00 Per Head 7-9 Months Bred Small 1 - 2 Young 1 990-990 990 675.00 675.00 Per Head 1-3 Months Bred Slaughter Cows Breaker 70-80% Lean Head Wt Range Avg Wt Price Range Avg Price 10 1155-1345 1239 50.00-57.00 53.99 4 1500-1610 1539 52.00-57.00 54.26 Boner 80-85% Lean 4 1050-1175 1121 48.00-53.00 50.28 1 1620-1620 1620 45.00 45.00 Lean 85-90% Lean 37.00 37.00 Low Dressing 1 660-660 660 4 1005-1065 1039 39.00-43.50 41.74 32.00 Low Dressing 1 840-840 840 32.00 Slaughter Bulls Yield Grade 1-2 Head Wt Range Avg Wt Price Range Avg Price 1 1405-1405 1405 83.00 83.00 2 1395-1490 1443 82.00-83.00 82.52 High Dressing $4 \hspace{0.1in} 1690 {\color{red}-} 1985 \hspace{0.1in} 1856 \hspace{0.1in} 82.00 {\color{red}-} 85.00$ 83.88 High Dressing

Stock Bulls: no test Baby Calves: Beef: no test Dairy: no test Cow/Calf Pairs: no test

Source: USDA-Kentucky Dept of Ag Market News, Louisville, KY Travis Gabbard Jodee Inman, OIC 502-782-4139 www.ams.usda.gov/mnreports/SV_LS168.txt *This report reflects prices of the majority of cattle with a USDA grade, weight and sex on this sale date. This report does not represent all animals at the sale on that date.*

TO SPONSOR THIS SPACE, CALL STEPHANIE AT 270-866-3191

FD (@



BANK OF JAMESTOWN THREE LOCATION TO SERVE YOU:

270-343-3186 • www.bankofjamestown.com

MAIN OFFICE - 400 Monument Sq., Jamestown INDUSTRIAL OFFICE - 2115 N. Main St., Jamestown EAST 80 OFFICE - 43 Hwy. 910, Russell Springs

