

Page 8 HOLMES COUNTY HERALD - THURSDAY, MAY 10, 2018

Is your glass half empty or is it half full?

By Gary Andrews My wife tells me I am too
gary@gadevotionals.com much of an optimist and she

2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
City of Lexington
PWS#: 0260012
April 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from two wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Lexington have received a lower to moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Robin McCrory at 662.417.0167. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 6:00 PM at the City Hall.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2017. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2017, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/LCL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants								
10. Barium	N	2017	.003	No Range	ppm		2	Discharge of drilling wastes, discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17	2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride**	N	2017	.845	No Range	ppm		4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2017	1	36 - 1.87	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2017.
** Fluoride level is routinely adjusted to the MS State Dept of Health's recommended level of 0.6 - 1.3 mg/l.
As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water is SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the CITY OF LEXINGTON is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.3 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.3 ppm was 92%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The City of Lexington works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Town of Goodman
PWS#: 260008
April 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper and Middle Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Goodman have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Anthony McMullen at 662.472.2263. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 5:30 PM at the Town Hall, Goodman.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2017. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2017, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

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Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

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14. Copper	N	2015/17	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2015/17	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products								
11. HAAS	N	2014*	12	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection
62. THM (Total trihalomethanes)	N	2014*	5.7	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	N	2017	1.6	.5 - 2.8	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

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may be right but I am a person that believes anything is possible until I am proven wrong. My favorite verse in the Bible is Philippians 4:13 and I believe it with all of my heart and soul. It says, "I can do all things through Christ, which strengthened me."

Being in sales all of my adult life I learned the value of looking at situations and problems with an attitude of it can be done or it can be solved. Early in my career I learned the technique of assumptive selling. I believed that everyone had bought what I was selling until they told me no and believe me, I have received many no's in my life. Even with the no's I continued to believe that somehow, someday, I would be able to convince this client that I have a good product and would overcome their objections.

One of my favorite books in the Old Testament is Job. Here is God's man put to the test by Satan with God's approval. With all that Satan does to Job and his family, despite all of the criticism given to him by his wife and friends, Job's faith never wavered in his mighty God. In the Holman Christian Standard Bible in Job 9:25 we realize that Job seems to have some pessimism but never does he give up. This verse reads, "My days fly by faster than a runner; they flee without seeing any good."

How many of us in today's society think the same thing as Job was thinking concerning our problems of today? How many of us have the faith in our God, which is the same God as Job's, to see us through our tribulations and bring us to the point where He wants us to be. Many of us are self-centered, egotistical, or lack confidence in our Lord that He will see us through any situation that comes before us.

I recall hearing many of my friends and co-workers say they couldn't make a sale or do a certain project because they were afraid or lacked proper preparation for the task involved. They were seeing their glass as half empty because they thought all of the positive features were gone from the situation. They were seeing the negative side and not trying to visualize the good side. Don't many of us in this modern day and time do the same thing? Aren't we always trying to see the bad before bringing out the good? Are we a people that are afraid of risks, which make us prone to failure?

Job was a very wealthy man with a tremendous family. God told Satan he could do anything he wanted with Job and his surroundings but he could not take his life. Job was God's servant and even though he lost everything he had, he never looked at his glass being half empty because he knew who his Lord and Master was. Because of

his rejection to denounce God before Satan, God restored Job to his good life. God will do the same for us if we will not turn our backs on Him.

Whether you think you glass is half empty or full doesn't really matter as long as God is in control of your life. However, looking at your glass being half full makes a day look much brighter!

Prayer: Almighty Father, thank you for your love and your mercy. I know that anything I have or will ever have comes from you. I give you praise for my life and pray that you will lead me in the direction that you want me to go. Amen.



Connecting for Success

The newly created Holmes County Consolidated School District is seeking qualified applicants for certificated and non-certificated positions.

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www.holmescountyschools.com or www.durant.k12.ms.us

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*Champions

(Continued from page 1.)
3rd, Cameron Martin; High Jump - 3rd, Rayne Tate; Pole Vault - 1st, Christyn Allen; 4 x 100 meter Relay - 1st

(Suggested daily Bible readings: Sunday – Genesis 31:17-29; Monday – Romans 4:16-25; Tuesday – Malachi 4:1-6; Wednesday – Ecclesiastes 4:1-3; Thursday – Psalm 73:1-28; Friday – Hebrews 11:11-12; Saturday – Amos 5:18-27.) A164-11

Gary Andrews is the author of *Encouraging Words: 30-days in God's Word*. To obtain a copy go to his website www.gadevotionals.com.

(Lindsay, Tate, Rutledge and Pritchard); 4 x 200 meter Relay - 1st, (Lindsay, Tate, Rutledge and Pritchard); 4 x 400 meter Relay; 1st (Lindsay, Tate, Martin and Haffey) team record; 4 x 800 meter Relay - 1st (Haffey, Carr, Martin and Bell) team record and state record.

The stats for the Trojans team will in available in next week's edition.



3 CEMETERY PLOTS in Odd Fellows Cemetery, Lexington, known as Lot No. 606 in the 1967 Addition. Includes a Trust Receipt, No. 376, held in trust by the City of Lexington with the interest to be used for the upkeep and maintenance of Lot 606. Call Bruce Hill at 662-417-9944 to arrange for transfer of Trust Receipt and warranty deed for Lot 606. \$1500 total. 2-1ftfn

PROPERTY FOR SALE: Lexington, Mississippi on Bailey Dixon Road. 25 acres, Parcel # 0292001900, \$75,000, SEC:20 TWN 16; 5 acres, Parcel # 0232900900, \$15,000, SEC: 29 TWN: 16. On Sunny Mt. Road, 1 acre, Parcel #023190100, \$3,500, SEC: 19 TWN: 16 RNG:3E. Contact: Jeanmontgomeryl@gmail.com 5-10,17,24,31p

FOR SALE: 3 ACRES Parcel # .0150205800, a little below Sweet Home Church on Ebenezer Rd. Annie Williams 773-731-3580.

5-10---6-28p

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Week of May 06, 2018