UKRANIAN CONNECTION

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fertilizer prices almost doubled. This week, Russian Ministry of Trade made a decision to halt fertilizer exports, which will decrease the supply of fertilizer in the global market and thus increase the price.

For farmers, price is important, but so is availability and certainty of delivery. Recent developments can indeed impose risk on both ends—price and availability.

—Fertilizer production becomes more expensive as fertilizer producers face higher natural gas prices (which makes up about 80% of their production cost).

Yesterday, European fertilizer manufacturer Yara International ASA announced that they would cut fertilizer production in their facilities in Italy and France by 65% due to higher natural gas prices. This will have a direct and negative impact on ag producers (lower supply in the global market, higher prices).

Everyone feels the impact of the rise in gas prices. Is it tougher on farmers?

Dr. Tetteh: Farmers will feel the impact of spike in energy prices on two fronts: higher fuel prices at the pump, and higher fertilizer prices (due to a higher natural gas prices

faced by fertilizer manufacturers).

However, the fertilizer prices will most likely translate to higher food prices which will also impact consumers.

Like we've heard many times in the last two weeks: there are no winners in the war, whether it is the actual physical war, or a trade war.

If the situation in Ukraine is not resolved, what could be the long-term prospects for farmers in Central Illinois?

Dr. Tetteh: In the long-run, the condition of infrastructure and access to the sea in Ukraine would be critical to Ukraine's competitiveness in the ag world (e.g., railroads, ports, export elevators, etc.).

If Ukraine is not able to maintain the prewar levels of ag production and exports, the impact on farmers in Central Illinois will depend on several factors, such as how much of the lost production/exports can be picked up by other countries/producers, and how quickly this will happen.

While uncertainty remains, as a proud Ukrainian and a trained economist, I believe Ukraine has a potential to remain competitive because ag producers in Ukraine use



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creative approaches to problem solving, attempt to adopt innovations when possible, collaborate with partners abroad (e.g., through the Farm Progress Show), and realize the importance of ag exports to

Ukraine's GDP.

Despite difficult situation today, I remain hopeful for Ukraine and its ag competitiveness



